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A BILL

TO AMEND THE CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA, 11 1976, BY ADDING SECTION 11-35-3005 SO AS TO 12 13 AUTHORIZE CERTAIN PROJECT DELIVERY METHODS 14 FOR STATE PROCUREMENTS RELATING TO 15 INFRASTRUCTURE FACILITIES; BY ADDING SECTION 16 11-35-3015 SO AS TO SPECIFY THE SOURCE SELECTION 17 METHODS FOR THE TYPES OF AUTHORIZED PROJECT 18 DELIVERY METHODS; BY ADDING SECTION 11-35-3021 19 SO AS PROVIDE TO FOR **SUBCONTRACTOR** 20 SUBSTITUTION; BY ADDING SECTION 11-35-3023 SO AS 21 TO PROVIDE FOR PREQUALIFICATION ON STATE 22 CONSTRUCTION; BY ADDING SECTION 11-35-3024 SO AS 23 TO PROVIDE FOR CONTENTS OF A REQUEST FOR 24 PROPOSALS AND EVALUATION FACTORS APPLICABLE 25 TO CERTAIN PROJECT DELIVERY METHODS; BY ADDING 26 SECTION 11-35-3035 SO AS TO PROVIDE FOR THE 27 REQUIREMENT OF ERRORS AND OMISSIONS INSURANCE 28 TO COVER CERTAIN SERVICES DELIVERED PURSUANT 29 TO CERTAIN PROJECT DELIVERY METHODS; BY ADDING 30 SECTION 11-35-3037 SO AS TO PROVIDE FOR OTHER 31 FORMS OF SECURITY TO ENSURE PERFORMANCE; BY 32 ADDING SECTION 11-35-3070 SO AS TO ALLOW THE 33 GOVERNING BODY TO APPROVE NONMATERIAL 34 CHANGE ORDERS; TO AMEND SECTION 11-35-310, AS 35 AMENDED. RELATING TO DEFINITIONS FOR PURPOSES 36 OF THE SOUTH CAROLINA CONSOLIDATED **37 PROCUREMENT** CODE, SO AS TO REDEFINE "CONSTRUCTION": TO AMEND SECTION 11-35-1510. AS 38 39 AMENDED, RELATING TO METHODS OF SOURCE 40 SELECTION, SO AS TO PROVIDE FOR SELECTION 41 METHODS IN CONNECTION WITH PROJECT DELIVERY 42 METHODS; TO AMEND SECTION 11-35-1530, AS

[282]

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1 AMENDED, RELATING TO COMPETITIVE SEALED 2 PROPOSALS, SO AS TO REQUIRE COMPETITIVE SEALED 3 PROPOSALS FOR CONTRACTS FOR CERTAIN PROJECT 4 DELIVERY METHODS AND TO PROVIDE EXCEPTIONS; TO 5 AMEND SECTION 11-35-2410, AS AMENDED, RELATING 6 TO FINALITY OF DETERMINATIONS IN CONNECTION WITH COMPETITIVE SEALED BIDDING, SO AS TO 7 8 INCLUDE REFERENCES TO CHOICE OF DELIVERY 9 METHOD AND PREOUALIFICATION ON STATE 10 CONSTRUCTION; TO AMEND SECTION 11-35-2910, AS 11 AMENDED, RELATING TO CERTAIN SERVICES, SO AS TO 12 INCLUDE DEFINITIONS PERTAINING TO THE VARIOUS 13 AUTHORIZED PROJECT DELIVERY **METHODS** 14 INCLUDING "DESIGN REQUIREMENTS", "INDEPENDENT 15 PEER REVIEWER SERVICE", AND "INFRASTRUCTURE 16 FACILITY"; TO AMEND SECTION 11-35-3010, AS RELATING TO ADMINISTRATION 17 AMENDED, OF 18 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTING, SO AS TO SUBSTITUTE 19 PROJECT DELIVERY METHOD FOR THE PROCESS AND 20 "GOVERNMENTAL BODY" FOR "USING AGENCY"; TO 21 AMEND SECTION 11-35-3020, AS AMENDED, RELATING 22 TO CONSTRUCTION PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES, SO 23 AS TO DELETE SOURCE SELECTION LANGUAGE, TO 24 INCORPORATE NEW PROVISIONS ADDED IN EARLIER 25 SECTIONS AND TO DELETE LANGUAGE DUPLICATIVE 26 OF NEW PROVISIONS ADDED; TO AMEND SECTION 27 11-35-3030, AS AMENDED, RELATING TO BOND AND 28 SECURITY SO AS TO PROVIDE THAT THE CONTRACT 29 PRICE FOR PURPOSES OF A PAYMENT BOND OR 30 PERFORMANCE BOND DOES NOT INCLUDE THE COST OF 31 OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, AND FINANCE, AND TO 32 ALLOW FOR NO SURETY DURING PRECONSTRUCTION 33 OR DESIGN PHASES; TO AMEND SECTION 11-35-3210, AS 34 AMENDED, RELATING TO APPLICABILITY AND POLICY 35 IN CONNECTION WITH CERTAIN SERVICES, SO AS TO 36 DELETE THE PROVISIONS REFERRING TO 37 APPLICABILITY TO THOSE SERVICES; TO AMEND 38 SECTION 11-35-3220, AS AMENDED, RELATING TO 39 PROCUREMENT PROCEDURES, SO AS TO SUBSTITUTE 40 "GOVERNMENTAL BODY" FOR "USING AGENCY"; TO 41 AMEND SECTION 11-35-3230, AS AMENDED, RELATING 42 TO SMALL ARCHITECT-ENGINEERING AND LAND 43 SURVEYING CONTRACTS, SO AS TO SUBSTITUTE

[282]

"GOVERNMENTAL BODY" FOR "USING AGENCY"; TO 1 2 AMEND SECTION 11-35-3245, AS AMENDED, RELATING 3 TO PERFORMING OTHER WORK, SO AS TO LIMIT ITS APPLICATION TO PROCUREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION 4 5 USING THE DESIGN-BID-BUILD PROJECT DELIVERY 6 METHODS; TO AMEND SECTION 11-35-3310, AS AMENDED, RELATING TO INDEFINITE DELIVERY 7 8 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS, SO AS TO ADD A CROSS 9 REFERENCE; AND TO REPEAL SECTION 11-35-1825, RELATING TO PREQUALIFICATION OF CONSTRUCTION 10 11 BIDDERS. 12

13 Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of South14 Carolina:

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16 SECTION 1. The General Assembly finds that:

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18 (1) it adopted a modified version of the 1979 ABA Model 19 Procurement Code for State and Local Governments when it 20 enacted 1981 Act No. 148. Since then, the ABA has revised its 21 recommended model by adopting the 2000 ABA Model Procurement Code for State and Local Governments, which it 22 23 developed in cooperation with, among others, the National 24 Association of State Procurement Officials, the National Institute of Governmental Purchasing, the American Consulting Engineers 25 26 Council, the Design Professionals Coalition, the Council on the 27 Federal Procurement of A/E Services, the Engineers Joint 28 Contracts Document Committee, and the National Society of 29 Professional Engineers. One of the primary goals of the revision 30 project was to encourage the competitive use of new forms of project delivery in public construction procurement; and 31

32 (2) it is the intent of the General Assembly to facilitate the use 33 of these alternate forms of project delivery by adopting, as 34 modified herein, those portions of the new model code related to 35 Article 5 (Procurement of Infrastructure Facilities and Services) of 36 the model code. To that end, the relevant official comments to the 37 model code, and the construction given to the model code, should be examined as persuasive authority for interpreting and 38 construing the new code provisions created by this act. 39

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41 SECTION 2. Subarticle 3, Article 9, Chapter 35, Title 11 of the 42 1976 Code is amended by adding:

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[282]

1 "Section 11-35-3005. (1) The following project delivery

2 methods are authorized for procurements relating to infrastructure3 facilities:

4 (a) design-bid-build;

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5 (b) construction management at-risk;

(c) operations and maintenance;

(d) design-build;

(e) design-build-operate-maintain; and

9 (f) design-build-finance-operate-maintain.

10 (2) In addition to those methods identified in item (1), the 11 board, by regulation, and the State Engineer, in accordance with 12 Section 11-35-3010, may:

13 (a) approve as an alternative project delivery method any 14 combination of design, construction, finance, and services for 15 operations and maintenance of an infrastructure facility; and

16 (b) allow or require the governmental body to follow any of 17 the additional procedures established by Section 11-35-3025.

(3) Participation in a report or study that is later used in the 18 preparation of design requirements for a project does not disqualify 19 a firm from participating as a member of a proposing team in a 20 21 construction management at-risk. design-build, 22 design-build-operate-maintain, or 23 design-build-finance-operate-maintain procurement unless the participation provides the business with a substantial competitive 24 advantage. In the Manual for Planning and Execution of State 25 26 Permanent Improvements, the State Engineer may establish 27 guidance for the application of this item by governmental bodies." 28 29 SECTION 3. Subarticle 3, Article 9, Chapter 35, Title 11 of the

30 1976 Code is amended by adding:

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32 "Section 11-35-3015. (1) Scope. This section specifies the 33 source selection methods applicable to procurements for the 34 project delivery methods identified in Section 11-35-3005 (Project 35 delivery methods authorized), except as provided in Section 36 11-35-1550 (Small purchases), 11-35-1560 (Sole source 37 procurement), and 11-35-1570 (Emergency procurements).

38 (2) Design-bid-build:

(a) Design. Architect-engineer, construction management,
and land surveying services. The qualifications based selection
process in Section 11-35-3220 (Qualifications Based Selection
Procedures) must be used to procure architect-engineer,
construction management, and land surveying services, unless

1 those services are acquired in conjunction with construction using 2 one of the project delivery methods provided in Section

3 11-35-3015 (3), (5), (6), (7), and (8).

4 (b) Construction. Competitive sealed bidding, as provided 5 in Section 11-35-1520 (Competitive sealed bidding), must be used 6 to procure construction in design-bid-build procurements.

7 (3) Construction Management at-risk. Contracts for 8 construction management at-risk must be procured as provided in 9 either Section 11-35-1520 (Competitive sealed bidding) or Section 10 11-35-1530 (Competitive sealed proposals).

(4) Operations and Maintenance. Contracts for operations andmaintenance must be procured as set forth in Section 11-35-1510(Methods of source selection).

14 (5) Design-build. Contracts for design-build must be procured 15 by competitive sealed proposals, as provided in Section 16 11-35-1530 (Competitive sealed proposals), except that the 17 regulations may describe the circumstances under which a 18 particular design-build procurement does not require the 19 submission of proposal development documents as required in 20 Section 11-35-3025(2)(b).

21 (6) Design-build-operate-maintain. Contracts for
22 design-build-operate-maintain must be procured by competitive
23 sealed proposals, as provided in Section 11-35-1530 (Competitive
24 sealed proposals).

(7) Design-build-finance-operate-maintain. Contracts for
design-build-finance-operate-maintain must be procured by
competitive sealed proposals, as provided in Section 11-35-1530
(Competitive sealed proposals).

(8) Other. Contracts for an alternate project delivery method
approved pursuant to Section 11-35-3005(2) must be procured by a
source selection method provided in Section 11-35-1510, as
specified by the authority approving the alternative project
delivery method."

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35 SECTION 4. Subarticle 3, Article 9, Chapter 35, Title 11 of the 36 1976 Code is amended by adding:

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38 "Section 11-35-3021. (1) After notice of an award or intended 39 award has been given, whichever is earlier, the prospective 40 contractor identified in the notice may not substitute a business as 41 subcontractor in place of a subcontractor listed in the prospective 42 contractor's bid or proposal, except for one or more of the 43 following reasons:

[282]

1 (a) upon a showing satisfactory to the governmental body by 2 the prospective contractor that:

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(i) the listed subcontractor is not financially responsible;

4 (ii) the listed subcontractor's scope of work did not 5 include a portion of the work required in the plans and 6 specifications, and the exclusion is not clearly set forth in the 7 subcontractor's original bid;

8 (iii) the listed subcontractor was listed as a result of an 9 inadvertent clerical error, but only if that request is made within 10 four working days of opening;

(iv) the listed subcontractor failed or refused to submit a
performance and payment bond when requested by the prospective
contractor after the subcontractor had represented to the
prospective contractor that the subcontractor could obtain a
performance and payment bond; and

16 (v) the listed subcontractor must be licensed and did not 17 have the license at the time required by law;

(b) if the listed subcontractor fails or refuses to perform hissubcontract;

20 (c) if the work of the listed subcontractor is found by the 21 governmental body to be substantially unsatisfactory;

22 (d) upon mutual agreement of the contractor and 23 subcontractor; and

24 (e) with the consent of the governmental body for good 25 cause shown.

26 (2) The request for substitution must be made to the
27 governmental body in writing. This written request does not give
28 rise to a private right of action against the prospective contractor in
29 the absence of actual malice.

30 (3) If substitution is allowed, the prospective contractor, before obtaining prices from another subcontractor, must attempt in good 31 32 faith to negotiate a subcontract with at least one subcontractor 33 whose bid was received before the submission of the prospective 34 contractor's offer. This section does not affect a contractor's 35 ability to request withdrawal of a bid in accordance with the 36 provisions of this code and the regulations promulgated pursuant to 37 it.

38 (4) This section applies to a procurement conducted using the
39 source selection methods authorized by Section 11-35-3015(2)(b),
40 (3), (5), (6), (7), and (8).

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42 Section 11-35-3023. (A) In accordance with this section and 43 procedures published by the State Engineer, a governmental body

[282]

may limit participation in a solicitation for construction to only 1 2 those businesses, including potential subcontractors, that are 3 prequalified. The prequalification process may be used only with the approval and supervision of the State Engineer's Office. If 4 businesses are prequalified, the governmental body must issue a 5 request for qualifications. Adequate public notice of the request for 6 qualifications must be given in the manner provided in Section 7 8 11-35-1520(3). The request must contain, at a minimum, a 9 description of the general scope of work to be acquired, the deadline for submission of information, and how businesses may 10 11 apply for consideration. The evaluation criteria must include, but not be limited to, prior performance, recent past references on all 12 13 aspects of performance, financial stability, and experience on 14 similar construction projects. Using only the criteria stated in the request for qualifications, businesses must be ranked from most 15 qualified to least qualified. The basis for the ranking must be 16 17 determined in writing. If fewer than two businesses are pregualified, the pregualification process must be canceled. The 18 19 determination regarding how many offers to solicit is not subject to review pursuant to Article 17 of this Code. Section 11-35-1520(4) 20 21 (Request for Qualifications) and Section 11-35-1530(4) (Request 22 for Qualifications) do not apply to a procurement of construction.

23 (B) In a design-bid-build procurement, the prequalification 24 process may be used only if the construction involved is unique in nature, over ten million dollars in value, or involves special 25 26 circumstances, as determined by the State Engineer. In a 27 design-bid-build procurement, the minimum requirements for 28 prequalification must be published in the request for qualifications. 29 Offers must be sought from all businesses that meet the published 30 minimum requirements for pregualification.

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32 Section 11-35-3024. (1) Applicability. In addition to the 33 requirements of Section 11-35-1530 (Competitive Sealed 34 Proposals), the procedures in this Section apply as provided in 35 items (2), (3), and (4) below.

36 (2) Content of Request for Proposals. A Request for Proposals
 37 for design-build, design-build-operate-maintain, or
 38 design-build-finance-operate-maintain:

39 (a) must include design requirements;

40 (b) must solicit proposal development documents; and

41 (c) may, if the governmental body determines that the cost 42 of preparing proposals is high in view of the size, estimated price,

43 and complexity of the procurement:

[282]

1 (i) prequalify offerors in accordance with Section 2 11-35-3023 by issuing a request for qualifications in advance of 3 the request for proposals;

(ii) select, pursuant to procedures designated in the 4 5 Manual for Planning and Execution of State Permanent Improvements, a short list of responsible offerors who submit 6 proposals determined to be reasonably susceptible of being 7 8 selected for award before discussions and evaluations pursuant to 9 Section 11-35-1530, if the number of proposals to be short-listed is stated in the Request for Proposals and prompt public notice is 10 11 given to all offerors as to which proposals have been short-listed; 12 or

(iii) pay stipends to unsuccessful offerors, if the amount ofthe stipends and the terms under which stipends are paid are statedin the Request for Proposals.

16 (3) Evaluation Factors. A Request for Proposals for 17 design-build, design-build-operate-maintain, or 18 design-build-finance-operate-maintain must:

19 (a) state the relative importance of (i) demonstrated 20 the design requirements, compliance with (ii) offeror 21 qualifications, (iii) financial capacity, (iv) project schedule, (v) price, or life-cycle price for design-build-operate-maintain and 22 23 design-build-finance-operate-maintain procurements, and (vi) 24 other factors, if any; and

(b) in circumstances designated in the Manual for Planning
and Execution of State Permanent Improvements, require each
offeror to identify an Independent Peer Reviewer whose
competence and qualifications to provide that service must be an
additional evaluation factor in the award of the contract.

30 (4) Unless excused by the State Engineer, the State Engineer's
31 Office shall oversee the evaluation process for a procurement of
32 construction if factors other than price are considered in the
33 evaluation of a proposal."

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35 SECTION 5. Subarticle 3, Article 9, Chapter 35, Title 11 of the 36 1976 Code is amended by adding:

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38 "Section 11-35-3035. Regulations shall be promulgated that 39 specify when a governmental body shall require offerors to provide 40 appropriate errors and omissions insurance to cover architectural 41 and engineering services under the project delivery methods set 42 forth in Section 11-35-3005 (1) (a), (d), (e) and (f).

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[282]

1 Section 11-35-3037. The governmental body may require one 2 or more of the following forms of security to assure the timely, 3 faithful, and uninterrupted provision of operations and 4 maintenance services procured separately or as one element of 5 another project delivery method: (a) operations period surety bonds that secure the performance 6 of the contractor's operations and maintenance obligations; 7 8 (b) letters of credit in an amount appropriate to cover the cost 9 to the governmental body of preventing infrastructure service interruptions for a period up to twelve months; and 10 11 (c) appropriate written guarantees from the contractor, or 12 depending upon the circumstances, from a parent corporation, to 13 secure the recovery of reprocurement costs to the governmental body if the contractor defaults in performance." 14 15 16 SECTION 6. Subarticle 3, Article 9, Chapter 35, Title 11 of the 1976 Code is amended by adding: 17 18 19 "Section 11-35-3070. A governmental body may approve and 20 pay for amendments to architectural/engineering contracts and 21 change orders to construction contracts, within the governmental body's certification, which do not alter the original scope or intent 22 23 of the project and which do not exceed the previously approved 24 project budget." 25 26 SECTION 7. Section 11-35-310(7) of the 1976 Code is amended 27 to read: 28 29 "(7) "Construction" means the process of building, altering, 30 repairing, remodeling, improving, or demolishing any public 31 structure or building or other public improvements of any kind to 32 any public real property. It does not include the routine operation, routine repair or routine maintenance of existing structures, 33 buildings, or real property. 'Construction' means the process of 34 35 building, altering, repairing, remodeling, improving, or 36 demolishing a public infrastructure facility, including any public 37 structure, public building, or other public improvements of any 38 kind to real property. It does not include the routine operation, routine repair, or routine maintenance of an existing public 39 40 infrastructure facility, including structures, buildings, or real property." 41 42

SECTION 8. Section 11-35-1510 of the 1976 Code, as last 1 amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further amended to read: 2 3 4 "Section 11-35-1510. Unless otherwise provided by law, all 5 state contracts must be awarded by competitive sealed bidding, pursuant to Section 11-35-1520, except as provided in: 6 (1) Section 11-35-1250 (Authority to Contract for Auditing 7 8 Services): 9 (2) Section 11-35-1260 (Authority to Contract for Legal Services): 10 11 (3) Section 11-35-1525 (Fixed Priced Bidding); 12 Section 11-35-1528 (Competitive Best Value Bidding); (4) (5) Section 11-35-1529 (Competitive Online Bidding); 13 14 (6) Section 11-35-1530 (Competitive Sealed Proposals); 15 (7) Section 11-35-1540 (Negotiations After Unsuccessful Competitive Sealed Bidding); 16 17 (8) Section 11-35-1550 (Small Purchases); (9) Section 11-35-1560 (Sole Source Procurements); 18 19 (10) Section 11-35-1570 (Emergency Procurements); 20 11-35-1575 (Participation in (11) Section Auction or 21 Bankruptcy Sale); 22 (12) (Reserved) 11-35-3020 -(Construction-23 (13) Section-**Procurement** 24 Procedures) Section 11-35-3015 (Source selection methods 25 assigned to project delivery methods); 26 (14) Section 11-35-3220 (Architect Engineer, Construction 27 Management and Land Surveying Services Procurement 28 Procedures): and 29 (15) Section 11-35-3230 (Exception for Small 30 Architect-Engineer and Land Surveying Services Contracts)." 31 32 SECTION 9. Section 11-35-1530(1) of the 1976 Code, as 33 amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further amended to read: 34 35 "(1) Conditions for Use. If a purchasing agency determines in 36 writing that the use of competitive sealed bidding is either not practicable or not advantageous to the State, a contract may be 37 38 entered into by competitive sealed proposals subject to the provisions of Section 11-35-1520 and the ensuing regulations, 39 40 unless otherwise provided in this section. Subject to the requirements of Section 11-35-3220, the board may provide by 41 regulation that it is either not practicable or not advantageous to 42 43 the State to procure specified types of supplies, services,

[282]

information technology, or construction by competitive sealed 1 bidding. The board may provide by regulation that it is either not 2 3 practicable or not advantageous to the State to procure specified types of supplies, services, information technology, or construction 4 by competitive sealed bidding. Contracts for the design-build, 5 design-build-operate-maintain, 6 or design-build-finance-operate-maintain project delivery methods 7 8 specified in Article 9 of this Code must be entered into by 9 competitive sealed proposals, except as otherwise provided in Sections 11-35-1550 (Small purchases), 11-35-1560 (Sole source 10 procurements), and 11-35-1570 (Emergency procurements)." 11 12 SECTION 10. Section 11-35-2410(A) of the 1976 Code, as last 13 14 amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further amended to read: 15 16 "(A) The determinations required by the following sections and related regulations are final and conclusive, unless clearly 17 18 erroneous, arbitrary, capricious, or contrary to law: Section 19 11-35-1520(7) (Competitive Sealed Bidding: Correction or Withdrawal of Bids; Cancellation of 20 Awards), Section 21 11-35-1520(11) (Competitive Sealed Bidding: Request for 22 Qualifications), Section 11-35-1525(1) (Competitive Fixed Price 23 Bidding: Conditions for Use), Section 11-35-1528(1) 24 (Competitive Best Value Bidding: Conditions for Use), Section 25 11-35-1528(8) (Competitive Best Value Bidding: Award), Section 26 11-35-1529(1) (Competitive Online Bidding: Conditions for Use), 27 Section 11-35-1530(1) (Competitive Sealed Proposals, Conditions 28 for Use), Section 11-35-1530(4) (Competitive Sealed Proposals: Request for Qualifications), Section 11-35-1530(7) (Competitive 29 30 Sealed Proposals, Selection and Ranking of Prospective Offerors), Section 11-35-1530(9) (Competitive Sealed Proposals Award), 31 32 Section 11-35-1540 (Negotiations After Unsuccessful Competitive 33 Sealed Bidding), Section 11-35-1560 (Sole Source Procurement), 34 11-35-1570 (Emergency Procurement), Section Section 35 11-35-1710 (Cancellation of Invitation for Bids or Requests for 36 Proposals), Section 11-35-1810(2) (Responsibility of Bidders and 37 Offerors, Determination of Nonresponsibility), Section 11-35-1825 38 (Pregualification of Construction Bidders), Section 11-35-1830(3) (Cost or Pricing Data, Cost or Pricing Data Not Required), Section 39 40 11-35-2010 (Types and Forms of Contracts), Section 11-35-2020 (Approval of Accounting System), Section 11-35-2030(2) 41 (Multi-Term Contracts, Determination Prior to Use), Section 42 11-35-3010(1) (Choice of project delivery method), Section 43

1 11-35-3020(2)(d) (Construction Procurement Procedures: 2 Negotiations after Unsuccessful Competitive Sealed Bidding), 3 Section 11-35-3023 (Prequalification on State Construction), Section 11-35-3220(5) (Procurement Procedure, Selection and 4 5 Ranking of the Five Most Qualified), Section 11-35-4210(7) (Stay of Procurement During Protests, Decision to Proceed), and Section 6 11-35-4810 (Cooperative Use of Supplies, Services, or Information 7 8 Technology)." 9 10 SECTION 11. Section 11-35-2910 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 153 of 1997, is further amended to read: 11 12 13 "Section 11-35-2910. (1) 'Architect-engineer land and 14 surveying services' are those professional services associated with the practice of architecture, professional engineering, land 15 surveying, landscape architecture, and interior design pertaining to 16 construction, as defined by the laws of this State, as well as 17 incidental services that members of these professions and those in 18 19 their employ may logically or justifiably perform, including surveys, evaluations, 20 studies, investigations, consultations, 21 planning. programming conceptual designs, plans and specifications, cost estimates, inspections, shop drawing reviews, 22 23 sample recommendations, preparation of operating and 24 maintenance manuals, and other related services. 25 (2) "Construction" means the process of building, altering, 26 repairing, remodeling, improving, or demolishing any public 27 structure or building or other public improvements of any kind to 28 any public real property. It does not include the routine operation, routine repair, or routine maintenance of existing structures, 29 30 buildings, or real property. 'Construction manager agent' means a business that has been awarded a separate contract with the 31 32 governmental body to provide construction management services 33 but not construction. 34 (3) 'Construction manager at-risk' means a business that has 35 been awarded a separate contract with the governmental body to provide both construction management services and construction 36 using the construction management at-risk project delivery 37 38 method. A contract with a construction manager at-risk may be executed before completion of design. 39 40 (4) 'Construction management services' are those professional

41 services associated with a system in which the governmental body

42 directly contracts with a professional construction manager to

43 provide that group of management activities required to plan,

[282]

1 schedule, coordinate, and manage the design and construction plan 2 of a state project in a manner that contributes to the control of 3 time, cost, and quality of construction as specified in the construction management contract. contract administration, project 4 5 management, and other specified services provided in connection with the administration of a project delivery method defined in 6 7 Section 11-35-3005 (Project delivery methods authorized). 8 (5) 'Construction management at-risk' means a project 9 delivery method in which the governmental body awards separate contracts, one for architectural and engineering services to design 10 an infrastructure facility and the second to a construction manager 11 at-risk for both construction of the infrastructure facility according 12 13 to the design and construction management services. 14 (6) 'Design-bid-build' means a project delivery method in which the governmental body sequentially awards separate 15 contracts, the first for architectural and engineering services to 16 design an infrastructure facility and the second for construction of 17 18 the infrastructure facility according to the design. 19 (7) 'Design-build' means a project delivery method in which 20 the governmental body enters into a single contract for design and 21 construction of an infrastructure facility. 22 (8) 'Design-build-finance-operate-maintain' means a project 23 delivery method in which the governmental body enters into a 24 single contract for design, construction, finance, maintenance, and operation of an infrastructure facility over a contractually defined 25 26 period. Money appropriated by the State is not used to pay for a 27 part of the services provided by the contractor during the contract 28 period. 29 (9) 'Design-build-operate-maintain' means a project delivery 30 method in which the governmental body enters into a single 31 contract for design, construction, maintenance, and operation of an 32 infrastructure facility over a contractually defined period. All or a portion of the money required to pay for the services provided by 33 the contractor during the contract period are either appropriated by 34 the State before the award of the contract or secured by the State 35 36 through fare, toll, or user charges. (10) 'Design requirements' means the written description of the 37 38 infrastructure facility to be procured pursuant to this article, 39 including: 40 (a) required features, functions, characteristics, qualities, and properties that are required by the State; 41 (b) the anticipated schedule, including start, duration, and 42 43 completion; and

[282]

1 (c) estimated budgets. as applicable to the specific 2 procurement, for design, construction, operation, and maintenance. 3 The design requirements may, but need not, include drawings and 4 other documents illustrating the scale and relationship of the 5 features, functions, and characteristics of the project. (11) 'Independent peer reviewer services' are additional 6 7 architectural and engineering services that a governmental body 8 shall acquire, as designated in the Manual for Planning and 9 Execution of State Permanent Improvement, in design-build, design-build-operate-maintain, 10 or design-build-finance-operate-maintain procurements. The function 11 of the independent peer reviewer is to confirm that the key 12 13 elements of the professional engineering and architectural design provided by the contractor are in conformance with the applicable 14 standard of care. If a governmental body elects not to contract with 15 the independent peer reviewer proposed by the successful offeror, 16 17 the independent peer reviewer must be selected through 18 competitive sealed proposals. 19 (12) 'Infrastructure facility' means a building; structure; or 20 networks of buildings, structures, pipes, controls, and equipment, 21 or portion thereof, that provide transportation, utilities, public education, or public safety services. Included are government 22 23 office buildings; public schools; courthouses; jails; prisons; water treatment plants, distribution systems, and pumping stations; 24 25 wastewater treatment plants, collection systems, and pumping 26 stations; solid waste disposal plants, incinerators, landfills, and 27 related facilities; public roads and streets; highways; public 28 parking facilities; public transportation systems, terminals, and 29 rolling stock; rail, air, and water port structures, terminals, and 30 equipment. (13) 'Operations and Maintenance' means a project delivery 31 32 method in which the governmental body enters into a single 33 contract for the routine operation, routine repair, and routine maintenance of an infrastructure facility. 34 35 (14) 'Proposal development documents' means drawings and 36 other design related documents that are sufficient to fix and 37 describe the size and character of an infrastructure facility as to 38 architectural, structural, mechanical and electrical systems, materials, and such other elements as may be appropriate to the 39

40 <u>applicable project delivery method.</u>"

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- 42 SECTION 12. Section 11-35-3010 of the 1976 Code, as last
- 43 amended by Act 153 of 1997, is further amended to read:

1 2 "Section 11-35-3010. (1) Selection of Method. The project 3 delivery method of construction contracting administration-used 4 for a state construction project by a using agency shall must be 5 determined to be that method which is most advantageous to the State and will result results in the most timely, economical, and 6 7 successful completion of the construction project. The using 8 agency governmental body shall select, in accordance with 9 regulations of the board, the appropriate project delivery method of construction contracting administration for a particular project and 10 shall state in writing the facts and considerations which led leading 11 12 to the selection of that particular method.

13 (2) State Engineer's Office Review. The using agency 14 governmental body shall submit its written report stating the facts 15 and considerations which led leading to the selection of the 16 particular project delivery method of construction contracting 17 administration to the state engineer's office State Engineer's 18 Office for its review.

19 (3) Approval or Disagreement by State Engineer's Office. The 20 state engineer's office shall have State Engineer's Office has ten 21 days to review the data submitted by the using agency 22 governmental body to determine its position with respect to the 23 particular project delivery method of construction contracting 24 administration recommended for approval by the using agency 25 governmental body, and to notify the using agency governmental 26 body of its decision in writing. If the state engineer's office State 27 Engineer's Office disagrees with the project delivery method 28 selected, it may contest such it by submitting the matter to the board for decision. Written notification by the state engineer's 29 30 office State Engineer's Office to the using agency governmental 31 body of its intention to contest the project delivery method selected 32 shall must include the its reasons therefor. The board shall hear 33 any such contests the contest at its next regularly scheduled meeting subsequent to after notification of the using agency 34 35 governmental body. If the board rules in support of the state 36 engineer's office State Engineer's Office position, the using 37 agency governmental body shall receive written notification of the 38 If the board rules in support of the using agency decision. 39 governmental body, the using agency shall governmental body 40 must be notified in writing and thereby by that writing be 41 authorized to use that project delivery method of construction 42 contracting administration as previously recommended by the

using agency governmental body on the particular construction 1 2 project." 3 4 SECTION 13. Section 11-35-3020 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further amended to read: 5 6 7 "Section 11-35-3020. (1) Source Selection. All state 8 construction contracts must be awarded by competitive sealed 9 bidding pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section 11-35-1520, 10 subject to the exceptions enumerated in subsection (2) of this section and except as provided in Sections 11-35-1550, 11 11-35-1560, and 11-35-1570. Competitive sealed proposals as 12 13 provided in Section 11-35-1530 must not be used, except in cases and in accordance with criteria as may be authorized and 14 15 prescribed by regulation of the board. (2) Exceptions in Competitive Sealed Bidding Procedures. 16 The process of competitive sealed bidding as required by 17 18 subsection (1) Section 11-35-3015(2)(b) must be performed in 19 accordance with the procedures outlined in Article 5 of this code 20 subject to the following exceptions: 21 (a) Invitation for Bids. Instead of Section 11-35-1520(2), Section 11-35-1520(3), and Section 11-35-1520(4), invitations for 22 23 bids for each state construction project subject to subsection (1) 24 must be made in the following manner. Each using agency must 25 be-governmental body is responsible for developing a formal 26 invitation for bids for each state construction project-subject to 27 subsection (1). The invitation must include, but not be limited to, 28 all contractual terms and conditions applicable to the procurement. 29 A copy of each invitation for bids must be filed with the State 30 Engineer's Office and must be advertised formally in an official 31 state government publication. The manner in which this official 32 state government publication must be published, the content of the 33 publication itself, the frequency of the publication, the method of subscription to the publication, and the manner by which the 34 35 publication is distributed must be established by regulation of the 36 board. 37 (b) Bid Acceptance. Instead of Section 11-35-1520(6), the

38 following provision applies. Bids must be accepted 39 unconditionally without alteration or correction, except as 40 otherwise authorized in this code. The using agency governmental 41 <u>body's</u> invitation for bids must set forth all requirements of the bid 42 including, but not limited to:

[282]

(i) The using agency governmental body, in consultation 1 with the architect-engineer assigned to the project, shall identify by 2 3 specialty in the invitation for bids all subcontractors, who are expected to perform work for the prime contractor to or about the 4 construction when those subcontractors' contracts are each 5 expected to exceed three percent of the prime contractor's total 6 base bid. In addition, the using agency governmental body, in 7 8 consultation with the architect-engineer assigned to the project, 9 may identify by specialty in the invitation for bids any subcontractors a subcontractor who are is expected to perform 10 work which is vital to the project. The determination of which 11 subcontractors are included in the list provided in the invitation for 12 13 bids is not protestable pursuant to Section 11-35-4210 or another provision of this code. A bidder in response to an invitation for 14 bids shall set forth in his bid the name of only those subcontractors 15 to perform the work as identified in the invitation for bids. If the 16 bidder determines to use his own employees to perform a portion 17 18 of the work for which he would otherwise be required to list a 19 subcontractor and if the bidder is qualified to perform that work under the terms of the invitation for bids, the bidder shall list 20 21 himself in the appropriate place in his bid and not subcontract that work except with the approval of the using agency governmental 22 23 body for good cause shown.

(ii) Failure to complete the list provided in the invitationfor bids renders the bidder's bid unresponsive.

26 (iii) A prime contractor whose bid is accepted may not
27 substitute a person as subcontractor in place of the subcontractor
28 listed in the original bid, except for one or more of the following
29 reasons:

30 (aa) upon a showing satisfactory to the governmental
31 body by the contractor that a subcontractor who was listed is not
32 financially responsible;

(bb) upon a showing satisfactory to the governmental
body by the contractor that the scope of work bid by a listed
subcontractor did not include a portion of the work required in the
plans and specifications, and the exclusion is not clearly set forth
in the listed subcontractor's original bid;
(cc) upon a showing satisfactory to the governmental

39 body made by the contractor within four working days of the bid
40 opening that the subcontractor was listed as a result of an
41 inadvertent clerical error;

42 (dd) upon a showing satisfactory to the governmental 43 body by the contractor that the listed subcontractor failed or

17

[282]

refused to submit a performance and payment bond when 1 requested by the prime contractor after the subcontractor had 2 3 represented to the prime contractor that he could obtain a performance and payment bond; 4 5 (ee) upon a showing satisfactory to the governmental body by the contractor that the listed subcontractor is required to 6 be licensed and does not have the license by the time it is required 7 8 by law; 9 (ff) when the listed subcontractor fails or refuses to 10 perform his subcontract; (gg) when the work of the listed subcontractor is found 11 by the governmental body to be substantially unsatisfactory; 12 13 (hh) upon mutual agreement of the contractor and 14 subcontractor: 15 (ii) with the consent of the governmental body for good cause shown. 16 17 (iv) The request for substitution must be made to the governmental body in writing. This written request does not give 18 19 rise to a private right of action against the prime contractor in the 20 absence of actual malice. 21 (v) Where substitution is allowed, the prime contractor, 22 before obtaining prices from another subcontractor, shall attempt 23 in good faith to negotiate a subcontract with at least one 24 subcontractor whose bid was received before the submission of the 25 prime contractor's bid. This section does not affect a contractor's ability to request withdrawal of a bid in accordance with the 26 27 provisions of this code and the regulations promulgated pursuant to 28 it. 29 (iiivi) The using agency governmental body shall send all 30 responsive bidders a copy of the bid tabulation within ten working 31 days following the bid opening. 32 (c) Instead of Section 11-35-1520(10) the following 33 provisions apply.: 34 Unless there is a compelling reason to reject bids as (i) 35 prescribed by regulation of the board, notice of an intended award 36 of a contract to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder 37 whose bid meets the requirements set forth in the invitation for bids must be given by posting the notice at a location that is 38 39 specified in the invitation for bids. The invitation for bids and the 40 posted notice must contain a statement of the bidder's right to 41 protest pursuant to Section 11-35-4210(1) and the date and

42 location of posting must be announced at bid opening. In addition 43 to posting notice, the <u>using agency governmental body</u> promptly

[282]

1 shall send all responsive bidders a copy of the notice of intended

2 award and of the bid tabulation. The mailed notice must indicate

3 the posting date and must contain a statement of the bidder's right 4 to protest pursuant to Section 11-35-4210(1).

5 (ii) After ten days' notice is given, the using agency 6 governmental body may enter into a contract with the bidder 7 named in the notice in accordance with the provisions of this code 8 and of the bid solicited. The procurement officer must comply 9 with Section 11-35-1810.

10 (iii) If, at bid opening, only one bid is received and 11 determined to be responsive and responsible and within the using 12 agency governmental body's construction budget, award may be 13 made without the ten-day waiting period.

14 (d) Negotiations after Unsuccessful Competitive Sealed 15 Bidding. Instead of Section 11-35-1540, the following provisions 16 apply:

17 (1) When (i) If bids received pursuant to an invitation for 18 bids exceed available funds, and it is determined in writing by the 19 using agency governmental body that circumstances do not permit the delay required to resolicit competitive sealed bids, and the base 20 bid, less any deductive alternates, does not exceed available funds 21 22 by an amount greater than ten percent of the construction budget established for that portion of the work, a contract may be 23 24 negotiated pursuant to this section with the lowest responsible and 25 responsive bidder. The using agency governmental body may 26 change the scope of the work to reduce the cost to be within the 27 established construction budget but may not reduce the cost below 28 the established construction budget more than ten percent without 29 a written request by the agency and the written approval of the 30 chief procurement officer based on the best interest of the State.

(2) When (ii) If the lowest base bid received pursuant to 31 32 an invitation for bids exceeds approved available funds and the 33 using agency governmental body is able to identify additional funds for the project, as certified by the appropriate fiscal officers, 34 35 in the amount of the difference between the lowest base bid and 36 the approved available funds for the project, the using agency 37 governmental body shall submit its request to use such those 38 additional funds to the board and the Joint Bond Review Committee in accordance with Sections 2-47-40 and 2-47-50." 39

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41 SECTION 14. Section 11-35-3030(1)-(3) of the 1976 Code, as 42 last amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further amended to read:

43

[282]

1 "Section 11-35-3030.(1) Bid Security.

2 (a) Requirement for Bid Security. Bid security is required 3 for all competitive sealed bidding for construction contracts in a design-bid-build procurement in excess of fifty thousand dollars 4 and other contracts as may be prescribed by the State Engineer's 5 Office. Bid security is a bond provided by a surety company 6 7 meeting the criteria established by the regulations of the board or 8 otherwise supplied in a form that may be established by regulation 9 of the board.

10 (b) Amount of Bid Security. Bid security must be in an 11 amount equal to at least five percent of the amount of the bid at a 12 minimum.

13 (c) Rejection of Bids for Noncompliance with Bid Security 14 Requirements. When the invitation for bids requires security, noncompliance requires that the bid be rejected except that a 15 bidder who fails to provide bid security in the proper amount or a 16 bid bond with the proper rating must be given one working day 17 18 from bid opening to cure the deficiencies. If the bidder is unable 19 to cure these deficiencies within one working day of bid opening, 20 his bid must be rejected.

(d) Withdrawal of Bids. After the bids are opened, they
must be irrevocable for the period specified in the invitation for
bids. If a bidder is permitted to withdraw its bid before bid
opening pursuant to Section 11-35-1520(<u>78</u>) action must not be
had against the bidder or the bid security.

26 (2) Contract Performance Payment Bonds.

(a) When Required-Amounts. When a construction contract
is awarded pursuant to Section 11-35-3020, the <u>The</u> following
bonds or security must be delivered to the <u>using agency</u>
governmental body and become binding on the parties upon the
execution of the contract <u>for construction</u>:

(i) a performance bond satisfactory to the State, executed
by a surety company meeting the criteria established by the board
in regulations, or otherwise secured in a manner satisfactory to the
State, in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the <u>portion of</u>
the contract price specified in the contract that does not include the
<u>cost of operation, maintenance, and finance;</u>

(ii) a payment bond satisfactory to the State, executed by a surety company meeting the criteria established by the board in regulations, or otherwise secured in a manner satisfactory to the State, for the protection of all persons supplying labor and material to the contractor or its subcontractors for the performance of the construction work provided for in the contract. The bond must be

[282]

1 in an amount equal to one hundred percent of the <u>portion of the</u>
2 contract price that does not include the cost of operation,
3 maintenance, and finance.

4 (iii) in the case of a construction contract valued at fifty 5 thousand dollars or less, the <u>using agency-governmental body</u> may 6 waive the requirements of (i) and (ii) above, <u>provided that if</u> the 7 <u>using agency governmental body</u> has protected the State.

8 (iv) in the case of a construction manager at-risk contract, 9 the solicitation may provide that bonds or security are not required 10 during the project's preconstruction or design phase, if 11 construction does not commence until the requirements of (i) and 12 (ii) above have been satisfied.

13 (b) Authority to Require Additional Bonds. Subsection Item 14 (2) does not limit the authority of the board to require a 15 performance bond or other security in addition to these bonds, or 16 in circumstances other than specified in <u>sub</u>item (a) of that 17 <u>subsection item</u> in accordance with regulations promulgated by the 18 board.

19 (c) Suits on Payment Bonds--Right to Institute. Every A 20 person who has furnished labor, material, or rental equipment to a 21 bonded contractor or his subcontractors for the work specified in the contract, and who has not been paid in full for it before the 22 23 expiration of a period of ninety days after the day on which the last 24 of the labor was done or performed by the person or material or rental equipment was furnished or supplied by the person for 25 26 which the claim is made, has the right to sue on the payment bond 27 for the amount, or the balance of it, unpaid at the time of institution 28 of the suit and to prosecute the action for the sum or sums justly 29 due the person. A remote claimant has a right of action on the 30 payment bond only upon giving written notice to the contractor within ninety days from the date on which the person did or 31 32 performed the last of the labor or furnished or supplied the last of 33 the material or rental equipment upon which the claim is made, stating with substantial accuracy the amount claimed as unpaid and 34 35 the name of the party to whom the material or rental equipment 36 was furnished or supplied or for whom the labor was done or performed. The written notice to the bonded contractor must be 37 38 served personally or served by mailing the notice by registered or 39 certified mail, postage prepaid, in an envelope addressed to the 40 bonded contractor at any place the bonded contractor maintains a permanent office for the conduct of its business, or at the current 41 address as shown on the records of the Department of Labor, 42 43 Licensing and Regulation. The aggregate amount of a claim

[282]

1 against the payment bond by a remote claimant may not exceed the 2 amount due by the bonded contractor to the person to whom the 3 remote claimant has supplied labor, materials, rental equipment, or 4 services, unless the remote claimant has provided notice of 5 furnishing labor, materials, or rental equipment to the bonded contractor. The written notice to the bonded contractor must be 6 7 served personally or sent by fax or by electronic mail or by 8 registered or certified mail, postage prepaid, to the bonded 9 contractor at any place the bonded contractor maintains a permanent office for the conduct of its business, or at the current 10 11 address as shown on the records of the Department of Labor, 12 Licensing and Regulation. After receiving the notice of furnishing 13 labor, materials, or rental equipment, payment by the bonded contractor may not lessen the amount recoverable by the remote 14 claimant. The aggregate amount of claims on the payment bond 15 may not exceed the penal sum of the bond. 16

A suit under this section must not be commenced after theexpiration of one year after the last date of furnishing or providinglabor, services, materials, or rental equipment.

For purposes of this section, 'bonded contractor' means the contractor or subcontractor furnishing the payment bond, and 'remote claimant' means a person having a direct contractual relationship with a subcontractor of a bonded contractor, but no expressed or implied contractual relationship with the bonded contractor.

26 (d) Suits on Payment Bonds--Where and When Brought. 27 Every suit instituted upon a payment bond must be brought in a 28 court of competent jurisdiction for the county or circuit in which 29 the construction contract was to be performed; except that a suit 30 must not be commenced after the expiration of one year after the 31 day on which the last of the labor was performed or material was 32 supplied by the person bringing suit. The obligee named in the 33 bond need not be joined as a party in the suit.

34 (3) Bonds Forms and Copies. (a) Bond Forms. The board35 shall promulgate by regulation the form of the bonds required by36 this section.

(b) Certified Copies of Bonds. A person may request and
obtain from the using agency governmental body a certified copy
of a bond upon payment of the cost of reproduction of the bond
and postage, if any. A certified copy of a bond is prima facie
evidence of the contents, execution, and delivery of the original."

[282]

SECTION 15. Section 11-35-3210, as last amended by Act 153 1 2 of 1997, is further amended to read: 3 4 "Section 11-35-3210. (1) Applicability. Architect-engineer, 5 construction management, and land surveying services shall be procured as provided in Section 11-35-3220 except as authorized 6 by Sections 11-35-1560, 11-35-1570, and 11-35-3230. 7 8 (2) Policy. It is the policy of this State to announce publicly all 9 requirements for architect-engineer, construction management, and land surveying services and to negotiate contracts for such services 10 11 on the basis of demonstrated competence and qualification for the particular type of services required and at fair and reasonable 12 13 prices." 14 15 SECTION 16. Section 11-35-3220(1), (7), (8), and (9) of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further 16 amended to read: 17 18 19 "Section 11-35-3220. (1) Agency Selection Committee. Each using agency A governmental body shall establish its own 20 architect-engineer, construction management, and land surveying 21 22 services selection committee, referred to as the agency selection committee, that which must be composed of those individuals 23 24 whom the agency head determines to be qualified to make an informed decision as to the most competent and qualified firm for 25 26 the proposed project. The head of the using agency governmental 27 body or his qualified responsible designee shall sit as a permanent 28 member of the agency selection committee for the purpose of 29 coordinating and accounting for the committee's work. To assist 30 an agency selection committee in the selection of firms to be employed for significant or highly technical projects and to 31 32 facilitate prompt selections, the agency selection committee may invite the State Engineer or his designee to sit as a nonvoting 33 member of the committee. 34 35 (7) Negotiation of Contract. The governing body of the using 36 agency governmental body or its designee shall negotiate a contract for services with the most qualified person or firm at a

37 contract for services with the most qualified person or firm at a 38 compensation that is fair and reasonable to the State. If the 39 governing body of the <u>using agency governmental body</u> or its 40 designee is unable to negotiate a satisfactory contract with this 41 person or firm, negotiations must be terminated formally. 42 Negotiations must commence in the same manner with the second 43 and then the third most qualified until a satisfactory contract is

[282]

negotiated. If an agreement is not reached with one of the three,
 additional persons or firms in order of their competence and
 qualifications must be selected after consultation with the agency
 selection committee, and negotiations must be continued in the
 same manner until agreement is reached.

6 (8) State Engineer's Office Review. The head of the using 7 agency governmental body shall submit the following documents 8 to the State Engineer's Office for its review:

9 (a) the written report of the agency selection committee, 10 listing the persons or firms that responded to the invitation to 11 submit information and enumerating the reasons of the committee 12 for selecting the particular ones to be interviewed;

(b) the written ranking report of the agency selectioncommittee and all data substantiating the determinations made inthat report; and

16 (c) the tentative contract between the using agency 17 governmental body and the selected person or firm.

18 (9) Approval or Disagreement by State Engineer's Office. The 19 State Engineer's Office has ten days to review the data submitted by the agency selection committee, and to determine its position 20 21 with respect to the particular person or firm recommended for approval by the agency. If the State Engineer's Office disagrees 22 23 with the proposal, it may contest the proposal by submitting the 24 matter to the board for decision. In the event of approval, the State 25 Engineer's Office shall notify immediately in writing the using 26 agency governmental body and the person or firm selected of the 27 award and authorize the using agency governmental body to 28 execute a contract with the selected person or firm. In the event of 29 disagreement, the State Engineer's Office immediately shall notify 30 the using agency governmental body in writing of its intention to contest the ranking and the reasons for it. All contract negotiations 31 32 by the governing body must be suspended pending a decision by 33 the board concerning a contested ranking. The board shall hear contests at its next regularly scheduled meeting after notification of 34 35 the using agency governmental body. If the board rules in support 36 of the State Engineer's Office position, the using agency 37 governmental body shall submit the name of another person or 38 firm to the State Engineer's Office for consideration, selected in 39 accordance with the procedures prescribed in this section. If the 40 board rules in support of the using agency governmental body, the using agency governmental body must be notified in writing and 41 42 authorized to execute a contract with the selected person or firm." 43

[282]

SECTION 17. Section 11-35-3230(4) of the 1976 Code, as last 1 amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further amended to read: 2 3 4 "(4) Splitting of Larger Projects Prohibited. An agency A 5 governmental body may not break a project into small projects for the purpose of circumventing the provisions of Section 11-35-3220 6 and this section." 7 8 9 SECTION 18. Section 11-35-3245 of the 1976 Code, as last amended by Act 376 of 2006, is further amended to read: 10 11 12 "Section 11-35-3245. (a) An architect or engineer performing 13 design work, or construction manager performing construction 14 management services, both as described in Section 11-35-2910(1) and (3), under a contract awarded pursuant to the provisions of 15 16 Section 11-35-3220 or Section 11-35-3230, may not perform other work, by later amendment or separate contract award, on that 17 18 project as a contractor or subcontractor either directly or through a 19 business in which he or his architectural engineering or 20 construction management firm has greater than a five percent 21 interest. 22 (b) For purposes of this section, safety compliance and other 23 incidental construction support activities performed by the construction manager are not considered work performed as a 24 contractor or subcontractor. If the construction manager performs 25 26 or is responsible for safety compliance and other incidental construction support activities, and these support activities are in 27 28 noncompliance with the provisions of Section 41-15-210, then the 29 construction management firm is subject to all applicable fines and 30 penalties. (c) This section applies only to procurements for construction 31 using the design-bid-build project delivery methods." 32 33 34 SECTION 19. Section 11-35-3310(1) of the 1976 Code, as last 35 amended by Act 153 of 1997, is further amended to read: 36 37 (1) General Applicability. Indefinite delivery contracts may be 38 awarded on an as-needed basis for construction services pursuant to the procedures set forth in Section  $\frac{11-35-3020}{11-35-3015(2)(b)}$ 39 40 and for architectural-engineering and land surveying services pursuant to Section 11-35-3220." 41 42 43 SECTION 20. Section 11-35-1825 of the 1976 Code is repealed.

[282]

1 2 SECTION 21. This act takes effect upon approval by the 3 Governor and applies to solicitations issued on or after January 1, 4 2008. 5 6 /s/Sen. Nikki G. Setzler /s/Rep. W. Brian White 7 /s/Sen. Thomas C. Alexander /s/Rep. Tracy R. Edge /s/Rep. Douglas Jennings, Jr. 8 /s/Sen. Michael L. Fair On Part of the House. 9 On Part of the Senate. 10 ----XX-----11